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PART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	1/1/2006 MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING	12/31/2006 MM	VDD/YY
A. RE	EGISTRANT IDENT	IFICATION		
NAME OF BROKER DEALER:			OPPICIAL	LIOD ON W
Libertas Partners, LLC			OFFICIAL	USE ONLY
			FIRM	ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINE	SS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.	)		
One Greenwich Office Park South				
Che Groot West Children and Bound	(No. and Street)		**	<del></del>
Greenwich	СТ		06831	
(City)	(State)	<del></del>	(Zip Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSO	ON TO CONTACT IN F	REGARD TO THIS REI	PORT	
Paul Ebert			(212) 809-7	171
			(Area Code —	Telephone No.)
B. AC	COUNTANT IDENT	TIFICATION		<u> </u>
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose	opinion is contained in this R	eport*		
Goldstein Golub Kessler LLP	•			
(Nan	ne — if individual, state last, f	irst, middle name)	i,	
1185 Avenue of the Americas	New York	New Yo	rk	10036
(Address)	(City)		(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:  Certified Public Accountant  Public Accountant			PROCESSED	
Accountant not in residence in United St	ates or any of its possession	ns.	APR 2 0 20	117
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ON	LY	THOMSO FINANCIA	N

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

#### **OATH OR AFFIRMATION**

I, Ga	ary Katcher	, swear	(or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the
	npanying financia		nedules pertaining to the firm of 'Libertas Partners, LLC
			are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither
			icer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classi	fied solely as that	of a customer, except as follow	rs:
			/
			4 // 1
			Jan Lather
			Simon
			/ Signature
	Type U	- Balu	Chief Executive Officer
	LISA A	AND ELAKE	Title
	No. 01	c, State of New York 1BL6109545	
	Qualified in V	Nestchester County xpires May 10, 20	
	Commission E	xpires may 10, 20 <u>00</u>	
This re	port** contains (chec	ck all applicable boxes):	
	) Facing Page.		
	) Statement of Fina	ncial Condition.	
□ (c	) Statement of Inco	me (Loss).	
□ (d	l) Statement of Char	nges in Financial Condition.	
☐ (e	) Statement of Char	nges in Stockholders' Equity or Parti	ners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
☐ (f	) Statement of Char	nges in Liabilities Subordinated to C	laims of Creditors.
□ (g	) Computation of N	let Capital.	
	) Computation for l	Determination of Reserve Requireme	ents Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
☐ (i	) Information Relat	ting to the Possession or Control Req	uirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
□ (j			of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
	-	<del></del>	ements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
☐ (k	<ul> <li>A Reconciliation consolidation.</li> </ul>	between the audited and unaudited S	statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
<b>(1</b>	) An Oath or Affirr	nation.	
_ `	•	C Supplemental Report,	
$=$ $\cdot$	,	* *	o exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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### GOLDSTEIN GOLUB KESSLER LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Member of Libertas Partners LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Libertas Partners LLC (a wholly owned subsidiary of Libertas Holdings, LLC) (the "Company") as of December 31, 2006. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit of the statement of financial condition provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Libertas Partners LLC as of December 31, 2006 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

**GOLDSTEIN GOLUB KESSLER LLP** 

Goldstein Golub Kessler LXP

March 30, 2007

#### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

December 31, 2006	
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 703,886
Due from Broker	4,056,756
Securities Owned - at market value	14,008
Furniture, Fixtures and Office Equipment (net of depreciation of \$48,370)	265,848
Prepaid Expenses	87,034
Other Assets	9,715
Total Assets	\$5,137,247
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY	
Liabilities: Securities sold, not yet purchased, at market value Due to Parent Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$1,027,500 718,737 18,000
Total liabilities	1,764,237
Contingencies	
Member's Equity	3,373,010
Total Liabilities and Member's Equity	\$5,137,247

#### NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION December 31, 2006

#### 1. ORGANIZATION:

Libertas Partners LLC (the "Company"), a Delaware limited liability company, is a subsidiary of Libertas Holdings, LLC (the "Parent"). The Company is registered as a broker-dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (the "NASD").

The Company is a nonclearing broker-dealer and is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 as all customers accounts, as defined, are carried by the clearing broker.

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

This financial statement has been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America which require the use of estimates by management.

The Company records principal transactions and the related revenue and expenses on a trade-date basis.

Securities owned by the Company are valued at their prevailing market prices. All resulting unrealized gains and losses are reflected in gain on principal transactions.

No provision is made in the accompanying financial statement for federal or state income taxes since such liabilities are the responsibility of the Member.

The Company maintains cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses from such accounts.

## 3. DUE FROM BROKER:

The clearing and depository operations for the Company's security transactions are provided by its clearing broker pursuant to a clearing agreement. At December 31, 2006, the receivable from the clearing broker represents cash maintained at the clearing broker and commissions earned as an introducing broker.

The Company has agreed to indemnify its clearing broker for losses that the clearing broker may sustain from the customer accounts introduced by the Company.

## 4. REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS:

As a registered broker-dealer and member of the NASD, the Company is subject to the Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission, which requires that the Company maintain a minimum net capital, as defined, of 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness, as defined, or \$100,000, whichever is greater. At December 31, 2006, the Company had net capital of \$2,563,665, which exceeds the requirement of \$100,000 by \$2,463,665.

## NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION December 31, 2006

## 5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

The Company and the Parent are parties to an expense sharing agreement whereby the Company pays the Parent its allocable share of rent and employee compensation. For the year ended December 31, 2006, the Company paid the Parent \$468,881 under this agreement.

The due to Parent is noninterest-bearing.

#### 6. CONTINGENCIES:

The Company is subject to an arbitration proceeding brought by a former managing director of the Company ("the claimant"). The claimant seeks compensation damages of \$452,000 plus punitive damages of \$5,000,000. The Company intends to vigorously defend against this action and has filed counterclaims against the claimant.

It is the opinion of management that the results of this action will not have a material adverse effect on the Company.



#### GOLDSTEIN GOLUB KESSLER LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

To the Member of Libertas Partners LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedule of Libertas Partners LLC (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
- 3. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by rule 15c3-3

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.



Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2006 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and any other regulatory agencies which rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

**GOLDSTEIN GOLUB KESSLER LLP** 

Goldstein Golub Kessler LLP

March 30, 2007

END